

District Judge Ricardo S. Martinez  
Magistrate Judge David W. Christel

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT SEATTLE

NANI LOVE BUCKINGHAM f/n/a BRIAN P.  
BUCKINGHAM,

Plaintiff,

v.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS, *et al.*,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:25-cv-00701-RSM-DWC

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

**A. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS**

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal.

1      **B. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL**

2      "Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things  
 3 produced or otherwise exchanged:

- 4            a) Plaintiff's medical records; and  
 5            b) Communications to, from, and about Plaintiff containing sensitive medical  
 6                 treatment information.

7      **C. SCOPE**

8      The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material  
 9 (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material;  
 10 (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any  
 11 testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal  
 12 confidential material.

13     However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in  
 14 the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

15      **D. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL**

16     D.1.     Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed  
 17 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,  
 18 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to  
 19 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential  
 20 material must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner  
 21 that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

22     D.2.     Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered  
 23 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any  
 24 confidential material only to:

- 25            a)     the receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as employees  
 26 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

1                   b)       the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the  
 2 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties  
 3 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so  
 4 designated;

5                   c)       experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this  
 6 litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

7                   d)       the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

8                   e)       copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of  
 9 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service  
 10 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately  
 11 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

12                  f)       during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is  
 13 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"  
 14 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of  
 15 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must  
 16 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted  
 17 under this agreement;

18                  g)       the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a  
 19 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

20                  D.3.     Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or  
 21 referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party,  
 22 in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will  
 23 remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion  
 24 to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the  
 25 designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue,  
 26 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing  
 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and

1 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material  
 2 under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the  
 3 requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal.  
 4 Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance  
 5 with the strong presumption of public access to the Court's files.

## 6 E. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

7       E.1. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party  
 8 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take  
 9 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate  
 10 standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material,  
 11 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the  
 12 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not  
 13 swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

14       Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are  
 15 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to  
 16 unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary  
 17 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

18       If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated  
 19 for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other  
 20 parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

21       E.2. Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this  
 22 agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(b) below), or as otherwise stipulated or  
 23 ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must  
 24 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

25           a) Information in documentary form: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and  
 26 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),  
 the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains

1 confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for  
 2 protection, the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making  
 3 appropriate markings in the margins).

4                   b)     Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties  
 5 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other  
 6 pretrial proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other  
 7 testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after  
 8 receiving the transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the  
 9 transcript, or exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential  
 10 information at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

11                   c)     Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place  
 12 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word  
 13 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,  
 14 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

15               E.3.     Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
 16 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party’s  
 17 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a  
 18 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated  
 19 in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

20 **F. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

21               F.1.     Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of  
 22 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party’s confidentiality  
 23 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic  
 24 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to  
 25 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the  
 26 original designation is disclosed.

1       F.2.     Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute  
 2 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding  
 3 confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in  
 4 a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference  
 5 with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification  
 6 must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires  
 7 a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

8       F.3.     Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court  
 9 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under  
 10 Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of  
 11 persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those  
 12 made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on  
 13 other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain  
 14 the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

15 **G. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN  
 16 OTHER LITIGATION**

17       If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
 18 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that party  
 19 must:

20           a)     promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the  
 21 subpoena or court order;

22           b)     promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to  
 23 issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject  
 24 to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

25           c)     cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued  
 26 by the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

1      **H. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

2      If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential  
 3 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving  
 4 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures,  
 5 (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the  
 6 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement,  
 7 and (d) request that such person or persons execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
 8 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

9      **I. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE  
 10     PROTECTED MATERIAL**

11     When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently  
 12 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the  
 13 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision  
 14 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or  
 15 agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree to the  
 16 entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

17     **J. NON-TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS**

18     Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving  
 19 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts  
 20 and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of  
 21 destruction.

22     Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all  
 23 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,  
 24 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert  
 25 work product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

**IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.**

## KELLER ROHRBACK L.L.P.

DATED: August 13, 2025

By: s/Chris N.Ryder  
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DATED: August 13, 2025

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*Attorney for Defendants*

**PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED**

1           **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of  
2 any documents, electronically stored information (ESI) or information, whether inadvertent or  
3 otherwise, in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or  
4 state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those  
5 documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other  
6 privilege or protection recognized by law. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum  
7 protection allowed by Fed. R. Evid. 502(d). The provisions of Fed. R. Evid. 502(b) do not apply.  
8 Nothing contained herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to conduct a review  
9 of documents, ESI or information (including metadata) for relevance, responsiveness and/or  
10 segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production. Information produced  
11 in discovery that is protected as privileged or work product shall be immediately returned to the  
12 producing party.

Dated this 15th day of August, 2025.

Mrs Christel

David W. Christel  
United States Magistrate Judge

**EXHIBIT A**  
**ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND**

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the case of *Nani Love Buckingham v. Federal Bureau of Prisons, et al.*, No. 2:25-cv-00701-RSM-DWC in the Western District of Washington. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State Where Sworn and Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: